

NOTICE OF STAKEHOLDERS MEETING Credit Access Business Rule Review (Part 2) November 18, 2015 at 2:00 p.m.

Please take notice that a stakeholders meeting will be held on November 18, 2015 at 2:00 p.m. in the Finance Commission building, third floor hearing room at 2601 North Lamar Blvd., Austin, Texas 78705. The November 4 precomment draft of credit access business rule changes will be discussed. The Office of Consumer Credit Commissioner (OCCC) invites all persons interested in these rules to participate in this meeting and discussion. Oral and written comments on the precomment draft will be accepted at the stakeholders meeting.

Background and Purpose

The OCCC has recently completed its review of Title 7, Chapter 83, Subchapter B, concerning Rules for Credit Access Businesses (CABs). Part 1 of the CAB rule review was approved for publication by the Finance Commission at its meeting on October 16, 2015. The CAB rule changes proposed under Part 1 may be viewed online in the October 30, 2015 issue of the *Texas Register*. The OCCC will accept official comments on Part 1 through November 30, 2015 at 5:00 p.m.

This meeting notice relates to Part 2 of the CAB rule review, covering three main areas: (1) consumer disclosures, (2) reporting requirements, and (3) license transfers. Last November, the OCCC held a stakeholders meeting regarding the consumer disclosures. In accordance with stakeholder feedback from the 2014 meeting, the precomment draft includes revised disclosures that have been streamlined so that each disclosure form for the four primary CAB products will fit on one page.

With respect to reporting requirements, the precomment draft outlines the actions that the OCCC may take when a CAB does not file a timely, accurate quarterly or annual report. And concerning license transfers, the precomment draft clarifies when a transfer application is required, including a new process designed to address the filing of a new application on transfer of ownership (e.g., the licensed entity is being purchased without a transfer of the existing license).

Submission of Comments

Comments on the precomment draft may also be submitted in writing to Laurie Hobbs, Assistant General Counsel, Office of Consumer Credit Commissioner, 2601 North Lamar Boulevard, Austin, Texas 78705-4207 or by email to laurie.hobbs@occc.texas.gov.

Comments on the November 4 precomment draft for Part 2 of the CAB rule review must be received by 5:00 p.m. on Monday, November 23, 2015.

OCCC Credit Access Business Rule Review Amendments (Part 2) 11/4/2015 Precomment Draft

- Title 7, Texas Administrative Code
- Chapter 83. Regulated Lenders and Credit Access Businesses
- Subchapter B. Rules for Credit Access Businesses
- §83.3003. Transfer of License; New Application on Transfer of Ownership. {{This section will replace the current section 83.3003, which will be repealed.}}
- (a) Purpose. This section describes the license application requirements when a licensed entity transfers its license or ownership of the entity. If a transfer of ownership occurs, the transferee must submit either a license transfer application or a new application on transfer of ownership under this section.
- (b) Definitions. The following words and terms, when used in this section, will have the following meanings:
- (1) License transfer--A sale, assignment, or transfer of a credit access business license.
- (2) License transfer application--An application for a license transfer, filed in connection with a transfer of ownership.
- (3) New application on transfer of ownership--An application for a new credit access business license, filed in connection with a transfer of ownership.
- (4) Permission to operate--A temporary authorization from the OCCC, allowing a transferee to operate under a transferor's license while final approval is pending for a license transfer application or a new license application on transfer of ownership.
- (5) Transfer of ownership--Any purchase or acquisition of control of a licensed entity, or a substantial portion of a licensed entity's assets, where a substantial change in management or control of the business occurs. The term does not include a change in proportionate ownership as defined in §83.3004 of this title (relating to Change in Form or Proportionate Ownership). Transfer of ownership includes the following:
- (A) an existing owner of a sole proprietorship relinquishes that owner's entire interest in a license or an entirely new entity has obtained an ownership interest in a sole proprietorship license;
- (B) any purchase or acquisition of control of a licensed general partnership, in which a partner relinquishes that owner's entire interest or a new general partner obtains an ownership interest;

(C) any change in ownership of a licensed limited partnership interest in which: (i) a limited partner owning 10% or more relinquishes that owner's entire interest; (ii) a new limited partner obtains an ownership interest of 10% or more; (iii) a general partner relinquishes that owner's entire interest; or (iv) a new general partner obtains an ownership interest (transfer of ownership occurs regardless of the percentage of ownership exchanged of the general partner); (D) any change in ownership of a licensed corporation in which: (i) a new stockholder obtains 10% or more of the outstanding voting stock in a privately held corporation; (ii) an existing stockholder owning 10% or more relinquishes that owner's entire interest in a privately held corporation; (iii) any purchase or acquisition of control of 51% or more of a company that is the parent or controlling stockholder of a licensed privately held corporation occurs; or (iv) any stock ownership changes that result in a change of control (i.e., 51% or more) for a licensed publicly held corporation occur; (E) any change in the membership interest of a licensed limited liability company: (i) in which a new member obtains an ownership interest of 10% or more; (ii) in which an existing member owning 10% or more relinquishes that member's entire interest; or (iii) in which a purchase or acquisition of control of 51% or more of any company that is the parent or controlling member of a licensed limited liability company occurs; (F) any acquisition of a licensed entity by gift, devise, or descent occurs;

(F) any acquisition of a licensed entity by gift, devise, or descent occurs;

(G) any transfer of a substantial portion of the assets of a licensed entity under which a new entity controls business at a licensed location; and

- (H) any other purchase or acquisition of control of a licensed entity where the OCCC has reason to believe that proper regulation of the licensee requires a license transfer application or new application on transfer of ownership to be processed.
- (6) Transferee--The entity that controls business at a licensed location after a transfer of ownership.
- (7) Transferor--The licensed entity that controls business at a licensed location before a transfer of ownership.
- (c) License transfer approval. No credit access business license may be sold, transferred, or assigned without the written approval of the OCCC, as provided by Texas Finance Code, §393.620. A license transfer is approved when the OCCC issues its final written approval of a license transfer application.
- (d) Timing. No later than 30 days after the event of a transfer of ownership, the transferee must file a complete license transfer application or new application on transfer of ownership in accordance with subsection (e). A transferee may file an application before this date.

(e) Application requirements.

- (1) Generally. This subsection describes the application requirements for a license transfer application or a new application on transfer of ownership. A transferee must submit the application in a format prescribed by the OCCC. The OCCC may accept prescribed alternative formats to facilitate multistate uniformity of applications or in order to accept approved electronic submissions. The transferee must pay appropriate fees in connection with the application.
- (2) Documentation of transfer of ownership. The application must include documentation evidencing the transfer of ownership. The documentation should include one or more of the following:
- (A) a copy of the asset purchase agreement when only the assets have been purchased;
- (B) a copy of the purchase agreement or other evidence relating to the acquisition of the equity interest of a licensee that has been purchased or otherwise acquired;
- (C) any document that transferred ownership by gift, devise, or descent, such as a probated will or a court order; or
 - (D) any other documentation evidencing the transfer event.
- (3) Application information for new licensee. If the transferee does not hold a credit access business license at the time of the application, then the application must include the information required for new license applications under §83.3002 of this title (relating to Filing of New Application). The instructions in §83.3002 of this title apply to these filings.

- (4) Application information for transferee that holds a license. If the transferee holds a credit access business license at the time of the application, then the application must include amendments to the transferee's original license application describing the information that is unique to the transfer event, including disclosure questions, owners and principal parties, and a new financial statement, as provided in §83.3002 of this title. The instructions in §83.3002 of this title apply to these filings. The responsible person at the new location must file a personal affidavit, personal questionnaire, and employment history, if not previously filed. Other information required by §83.3002 of this title need not be filed if the information on file with the OCCC is current and valid.
- (5) Request for permission to operate. The application may include a request for permission to operate. The request must be in writing and signed by the transferor and transferee. The request must include all of the following:
- (A) a statement by the transferor granting authority to the transferee to operate under the transferor's license while final approval of the application is pending;
- (B) an acknowledgement that the transferor and transferee each accept joint and several responsibility to any consumer and to the OCCC for any acts performed under the license while the permission to operate is in effect; and
- (C) if the application is a new application on transfer of ownership, an acknowledgement that the transferor will immediately surrender or inactivate its license if the OCCC approves the application.
- (f) Permission to operate. If the application described by subsection (e) includes a request for permission to operate and all required information, and the transferee has paid all fees required for the application, then the OCCC may issue a permission to operate to the transferee. A request for permission to operate may be denied even if the application contains all of the required information. If the OCCC grants a permission to operate, the transferor must cease operating under the authority of the license. Two companies may not simultaneously operate under a single license. A permission to operate terminates if the OCCC denies an application described by subsection (e).
- (g) Transferee's authority to engage in business. If a transferee has filed a complete application including a request for permission to operate as described by subsection (e), by the deadline described by subsection (d), then the transferee may engage in business as a credit access business. However, the transferee must immediately cease doing business if the OCCC denies the request for permission to operate or denies the application.

(h) Responsibility.

- (1) Responsibility of transferor. Before the OCCC's final approval of an application described by subsection (e), the transferor is responsible to any consumer and to the OCCC for all credit access business activity performed under the license.
- (2) Responsibility of transferee. After a transferee begins performing credit access business activity under a license, the transferee is responsible to any consumer and to the OCCC

for all credit access business activity performed under the license. In addition, a transferee is responsible for any transactions that it purchases from the transferor.

(3) Joint and several responsibility. If a transferee begins performing credit access business activity under a license before the OCCC's final approval of an application described by subsection (e) (including activity performed under a permission to operate), then the transferor and transferee are jointly and severally responsible to any consumer and to the OCCC. This responsibility applies to any acts performed under the license after the transferee begins performing credit access business activity and before the OCCC's final approval of the license transfer.

§83.3004. Change in Form or Proportionate Ownership.

(a) (No change.)

(b) Merger. A merger of a licensee is a change of ownership that results in a new or different surviving entity and requires the filing of a <u>license</u> transfer application <u>or a new application on transfer of ownership</u> pursuant to §83.3003 of this title (relating to Transfer of License; <u>New Application on Transfer of Ownership</u>). If the merger of the parent entity of a licensee that leads to the creation of a new entity or results in a different surviving parent entity, the licensee must advise the commissioner of the change in writing within 10 calendar days after the change, by filing a license amendment and paying the required fees as provided in §83.3010 of this title. Mergers or transfers of other entities with a beneficial interest beyond the parent entity level only require notification within 10 calendar days.

(c) Proportionate ownership.

- (1) A change in proportionate ownership that results in the exact same owners still owning the business, and does not meet the requirements described in paragraph (2) of this subsection, does not require a transfer. Such a proportionate change in ownership does not require the filing of a license transfer application or a new application on transfer of ownership, but does require notification when the cumulative ownership change to a single entity or individual amounts to 10% or greater. No later than 10 calendar days following the actual change, the licensee is required to notify the commissioner in writing of the change in proportionate ownership by filing a license amendment and paying the required fees as provided in §83.3010 of this title. This section does not apply to a publicly held corporation that has filed with the OCCC the most recent 10K or 10Q filing of the licensee or the publicly held parent corporation, although a transfer application may be required under §83.3003 of this title.
- (2) A proportionate change in which an owner that previously held under 10% obtains an ownership interest of 10% or more, requires a <u>license</u> transfer <u>application or a new</u> application on transfer of ownership under §83.3003 of this title.

§83.5001. Data Reporting Requirements.

(a) Generally. Each licensee must file the required reports described by this section for the prior period's credit access business activity in a form prescribed by the commissioner and must comply with all instructions relating to submitting the reports. During each calendar year, licensees are required to submit four quarterly reports as provided by Texas Finance Code, §393.627. Additionally, certain quarterly data will be collected by the OCCC on an annual basis under Texas Finance Code, §393.622(a)(1). For purposes of this section, the term "annual report" refers to the quarterly data submitted on an annual basis. All information provided on each quarterly or annual report must be accurate.

- (b) (d) (No change.)
- (e) Enforcement actions. The OCCC may take enforcement actions described by this subsection if a licensee violates this section by failing to file a complete and accurate quarterly or annual report by the applicable deadline.
- (1) Injunction. As provided by Texas Finance Code, §14.208(a), if the OCCC has reasonable cause to believe that a licensee has violated this section, it may issue an injunction ordering the licensee to file a complete, accurate quarterly or annual report.
- (2) Administrative penalty. As provided by Texas Finance Code, §14.251, the OCCC may assess an administrative penalty against a licensee that knowingly or wilfully violates this section.
- (A) First violation. If the licensee violates this section and has not violated this section during any of the four quarters preceding the violation, then the administrative penalty is \$100 for each licensed location.
- (B) Second violation. If the licensee violates this section during any of the four quarters following a first violation described by subparagraph (A), then the administrative penalty is \$500 for each licensed location.
- (C) Third and subsequent violations. If the licensee violates this section during any of the four quarters following a second violation described by subparagraph (B), then the administrative penalty is \$1,000 for each licensed location. The \$1,000 administrative penalty applies to subsequent violations that occur during any of the four quarters following a third or subsequent violation described by this subparagraph.
- (3) Suspension or revocation for fourth or subsequent violation. If the licensee violates this section during any of the four quarters following a third or subsequent violation described by subsection (e)(2)(C), then the OCCC may suspend or revoke the licensee's license, as provided by Texas Finance Code, §393.614.
- §83.6003. Posting of Fee Schedule and Notices.
- (a) In-person sales. A credit access business must prominently display the following in the licensee's office in a conspicuous location visible to the general public:
- (1) a schedule of all fees to be charged for services performed by the credit access business in connection with deferred presentment transactions and motor vehicle title loans, as applicable;

- (2) the following OCCC [consumer credit] notice: "This business is licensed and examined under Texas law by the Office of Consumer Credit Commissioner (OCCC), a state agency. If a complaint or question cannot be resolved by contacting the business, consumers can contact the OCCC to file a complaint or ask a general credit-related question. OCCC address: 2601 N. Lamar Blvd., Austin, Texas 78705. Phone: (800) 538-1579. Fax: (512) 936-7610. Website: occc.texas.gov. Email: consumer.complaints@occc.texas.gov." ["This business is licensed and examined by the State of Texas—Office of Consumer Credit Commissioner. Call the Consumer Credit Hotline or write for credit information or assistance with credit problems. Office of Consumer Credit Commissioner, 2601 North Lamar Boulevard, Austin, Texas 78705-4207, (800) 538-1579, consumer.complaints@occc.state.tx.us, www.occc.state.tx.us."]; and
 - (3) the notice required by Texas Finance Code, §393.222(a)(3).
- (b) Internet sales. For business conducted through the Internet, a credit access business must prominently display the information provided in subsection (a) of this section in a conspicuous location on the business's website and on any website where the business advertises to the public.
- (1) Direct link for fee schedule. The posting required by subsection (a)(1) of this section may be accessible via a direct link with the subject matter listed substantially similar to the following: "Fee Schedule" or "Schedule of All Fees."
- (2) Direct link for <u>OCCC</u> [consumer credit] notice. The posting required by subsection (a)(2) of this section may be accessible via a direct link with the subject matter listed substantially similar to the following: "OCCC Notice" or "Consumer Credit Notice." ["Consumer Credit Notice," "OCCC Notice," or "Complaints and Inquiries Notice."]

§83.6007. Consumer Disclosures.

(a) Consumer disclosure for single payment payday loan. The required disclosure under Texas Finance Code, §393.223 to be provided to a consumer before a credit application is provided <u>and</u> [or] before a financial evaluation occurs in conjunction with a single payment payday loan is presented in the following figure.

Figure: 7 TAC 83.6007(a) {See attached amendments.}

(b) Consumer disclosure for multiple payment payday loan. The required disclosure under Texas Finance Code, §393.223 to be provided to a consumer before a credit application is provided <u>and</u> [or] before a financial evaluation occurs in conjunction with a multiple payment payday loan is presented in the following figure.

Figure: 7 TAC 83.6007(b) {See attached amendments.}

(c) Consumer disclosure for single payment auto title loan. The required disclosure under Texas Finance Code, §393.223 to be provided to a consumer before a credit application is provided and [of] before a financial evaluation occurs in conjunction with a single payment auto title loan is presented in the following figure.

Figure: 7 TAC 83.6007(c) {See attached amendments.}

(d) Consumer disclosure for multiple payment auto title loan. The required disclosure under Texas Finance Code, §393.223 to be provided to a consumer before a credit application is provided <u>and</u> [or] before a financial evaluation occurs in conjunction with a multiple payment auto title loan is presented in the following figure.

Figure: 7 TAC 83.6007(d) {See attached amendments.}

(e) - (f) (No change.)

§83.6008. Permissible Changes.

- (a) A credit access business must use the required disclosures under Texas Finance Code, §393.223 as prescribed by Figures: 7 TAC §83.6007(a) (d) of this title (relating to Consumer Disclosures), but may consider making only limited technical changes, as provided by the following exclusive list:
- (1) Filling in any dollar amounts, interest rates, or other terms specific to the three to five most common loans for each of the products offered by the credit access business;
- (2) Substituting the pronouns used to denote the consumer by substituting words such as "you" and "your" for "I" and "my," along with appropriate grammatical changes;
- (3) Adding an optional, dated signature block at the very bottom of the disclosure form, which must include the following statement directly above the signature line of the consumer: "ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT: By signing below, I acknowledge only that I have received a copy of this disclosure prior to signing any contract for a payday or auto title loan, this ____ day of _____, 20__."
- (4) Combining the Texas Finance Code, §393.223 disclosure with the federal disclosure regarding military borrowers under 10 U.S.C. §987 and 32 C.F.R. Part 232;
- (5) Combining the Texas Finance Code, §393.223 disclosure with the federal disclosure requirements for advertising under the Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. §1632(a), and Regulation Z, 12 C.F.R. §1026.24; [its implementing regulations, 12 C.F.R. §226.24.]
- (6) a form number indicating the version of the form, the date the form was produced, or both.
- (b) A credit access business may make changes other than those specified in subsection (a) only if the OCCC has approved the changes in writing.
- (c) [(b)] The permissible changes allowed by this section must not result in decreasing a font size by more than one point or a chart size by more than 10% from the required disclosure. Permissible changes cannot otherwise interfere with the presentation or layout of the disclosed information.

(d) [(e)] The comparison information regarding alternative forms of debt required by Texas Finance Code, §393.223(a)(1) and the information regarding the typical pattern of repayment required by Texas Finance Code, §393.223(a)(3) will be periodically updated by the OCCC. Updated consumer disclosures required by §83.6007 of this title will be posted on the OCCC website.

Payday Loan

\$ 500 , One Payment

Cost Disclosure

Cost of this loan:

Borrowed amount (cash advance)	\$ 500.00
Interest paid to lender	\$ 2.40
Fees paid to CAB name here	\$ 125.00
Total of payments (if I pay on time)	\$ 627.40

APR	664.30 %	
Interest rate	10.00 %	
Term of loan	2 weeks	

If I pay off I will have to the loan pay interest and fees of approximately			pay app	ill have to	/:
2 Weeks	\$	127.40	\$	627.40	
1 Month	\$	254.80	\$	754.80	
2 Months	\$	509.60		1,009.60	
3 Months	\$	734.40	\$	1,234.40	

Cost of other types of loans:

Least Expensive	Credit Cards	Secured Loans	Signature Loans	Pawn Loans	Auto Title Loans	Payday Loans	Most Expensive
	16%	30%	89%	180%	229%	410%	Average APR
	\$1.32	\$3.51	\$12.52	\$15.00	\$18.85	\$33.72	Average fees & interest per \$100 borrowed over 1 month

Repayment:

Of 10 people who payday loan:	Of 10 people who get a new single-payment payday loan:					
***	3½ will pay the loan on time as scheduled (typically 30 days)					
†	1 will renew 1 time before paying off the loan					
梵梵	2 will renew 2 to 4 times before paying off the loan					
***	3 ½ will renew 5 or more times or will never pay off the loan					

This data is from 2014 annual reports to the OCCC.

Before getting this loan, ask yourself:

- Do I need to borrow this money?
- Can I pay back the loan *in full* when it is due?
- Can I pay my bills and repay this loan?
- Can I afford late charges if I miss a payment?
- Do I have other credit options?

- This company is regulated by the Texas Office of Consumer Credit Commissioner (OCCC).
- Visit occc.texas.gov for more information.
- This disclosure is provided under Texas Finance Code Section 393.223.

Payday Loan

\$500 , 10 Payments

Cost Disclosure

Cost of this loan:

Borrowed amount (cash advance)	\$ 500.00
Interest paid to lender	\$ 26.00
Fees paid to	
CAB name here	\$ 775.00
Payment amounts (payments due every 2 weeks	Payments #1-# ⁹ \$ 136.24 (Final) Payment # 10 \$ 74.84
Total of payments (if I pay on time)	\$ 1,301.00

APR	614.51	%
Interest rate	10.00	%
Term of loan	20 weeks	

If I pay off the loan pay interest and fees of approximatel			pay app	ll have to a total of roximately	:
2 Weeks	\$	779.89	\$	1,279.89	
1 Month	\$	784.28	\$	1,284.28	
2 Months	\$	791.53	\$	1,291.53	
3 Months	\$	796.74	\$	1,296.74	

Cost of other types of loans:

Leas Exp	st ensive	Credit Cards	Secured Loans	Signature Loans	Pawn Loans	Auto Title Loans	Payday Loans	Most Expensive
		16%	30%	89%	180%	229%	410%	Average APR
		\$1.32	\$3.51	\$12.52	\$15.00	\$18.85	\$33.72	Average fees & interest per \$100 borrowed over 1 month

Repayment:

Of 10 people who get a new multi-payment payday loan:					
*********	7 will pay the loan on time as scheduled (typically 5 months)				
†	1 will renew 1 to 4 times before paying off the loan				
ネネ	2 will renew 5 or more times or will never pay off the loan.				

This data is from 2014 annual reports to the OCCC.

Before getting this loan, ask yourself:

- Do I need to borrow this money?
- Can I pay back the loan in full when it is due?
- Can I pay my bills and repay this loan?
- Can I afford late charges if I miss a payment?
- Do I have other credit options?

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Auto Title Loan

\$ 500 , One Payment

Cost Disclosure



You can lose your car.

If you miss a payment or make a late payment, your car can be repossessed.

Cost of this loan:

Borrowed amount (cash advance)	\$ 500.00
Interest paid to lender	\$ 5.41
Fees paid to CAB name here (includes a one-time \$ 33 title fee)	\$ 158.00
Total of payments (if I pay on time)	\$ 663.41

APR	297.68	%
Interest rate	10.00	%
Term of loan	1 month	

the loan par in: and	ill have to y interest d fees of proximately:	I will have to pay a total of approximately:
2 Weeks \$	160.52	\$ 660.52
1 Month \$	163.41	\$ 663.41
2 Months \$	293.61	\$ 793.61
3 Months \$	423.81	\$ 923.81

Cost of other types of loans:

Least Expensive	Credit Cards	Secured Loans	Signature Loans	Pawn Loans	Auto Title Loans	Payday Loans	Most Expensive
	16%	30%	89%	180%	229%	410%	Average APR
	\$1.32	\$3.51	\$12.52	\$15.00	\$18.85	\$33.72	Average fees & interest per \$100 borrowed over 1 month

Repayment:

Of 10 people who get a new multi-payment auto title loan:				
* **	3 will pay the loan on time as scheduled (typically 30 days)			
†	1 will renew 1 time before paying off the loan			
**	1½ will renew 2 to 4 times before paying off the loan			
****	4 ½ will renew 5 or more times or will never pay off the loan			

This data is from 2014 annual reports to the OCCC.

Before getting this loan, ask yourself:

- Do I need to borrow this money?
- Can I pay back the loan *in full* when it is due?
- Can I pay my bills and repay this loan?
- Can I afford late charges if I miss a payment?
- Do I have other credit options?

- This company is regulated by the Texas Office of Consumer Credit Commissioner (OCCC).
- Visit occc.texas.gov for more information.
- This disclosure is provided under Texas Finance Code Section 393.223.

Auto Title Loan

\$ 500 , 11 Payments

Cost Disclosure



You can lose your car.

If you miss a payment or make a late payment, your car can be repossessed.

Cost of this loan:

Borrowed amount (cash advance)	\$ 500.00
Interest paid to lender	\$ 30.29
Fees paid to	
CAB name here	\$ 868.00
(includes a one-time \$33 title fee)	
Payment amounts	Payments #1-# 10
(payments due every	\$ 132.45
2 weeks	(Final) Payment 11
,	\$ 74.07
Total of payments	
(if I pay on time)	\$ 1,398.57
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APR	564.57	%
Interest rate	10.00	%
Term of loan	22 weeks	

If I pay off the loan in:	pay and	ill have to vinterest difees of proximately:	I will have to pay a total of approximately:		
2 Weeks	\$	873.25	\$	1,373.25	
1 Month	\$	878.01	\$	1,378.01	
2 Months	\$	886.06	\$	1,386.06	
3 Months	\$	892.13	\$	1,392.13	

Cost of other types of loans:

Leas Expe	t ensive	Credit Cards	Secured Loans	Signature Loans	Pawn Loans	Auto Title Loans	Payday Loans	Most Expensive
		16%	30%	89%	180%	229%	410%	Average APR
	_	\$1.32	\$3.51	\$12.52	\$15.00	\$18.85	\$33.72	Average fees & interest per \$100 borrowed over 1 month

Repayment:

Of 10 people who get a new multi-payment auto title loan:				
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†	1 will renew 1 time before paying off the loan			
†	1 will renew 2 to 4 times before paying off the loan			
* **	2 ½ will renew 5 or more times or will never pay off the loan			

This data is from 2014 annual reports to the OCCC.

Before getting this loan, ask yourself:

- Do I need to borrow this money?
- Can I pay back the loan in full when it is due?
- Can I pay my bills and repay this loan?
- Can I afford late charges if I miss a payment?
- Do I have other credit options?

- This company is regulated by the Texas Office of Consumer Credit Commissioner (OCCC).
- Visit occc.texas.gov for more information.
- This disclosure is provided under Texas Finance Code Section 393.223.